

SPOLEČNĚ PRO VÝZKUM, ROZVOJ A INOVACE
CZ/FMP.17A/0436



ASTROBIOLOGIE: Bakterie, jaký je jejich metabolismus I

René Kizek

Dne: 09. 04. 2015

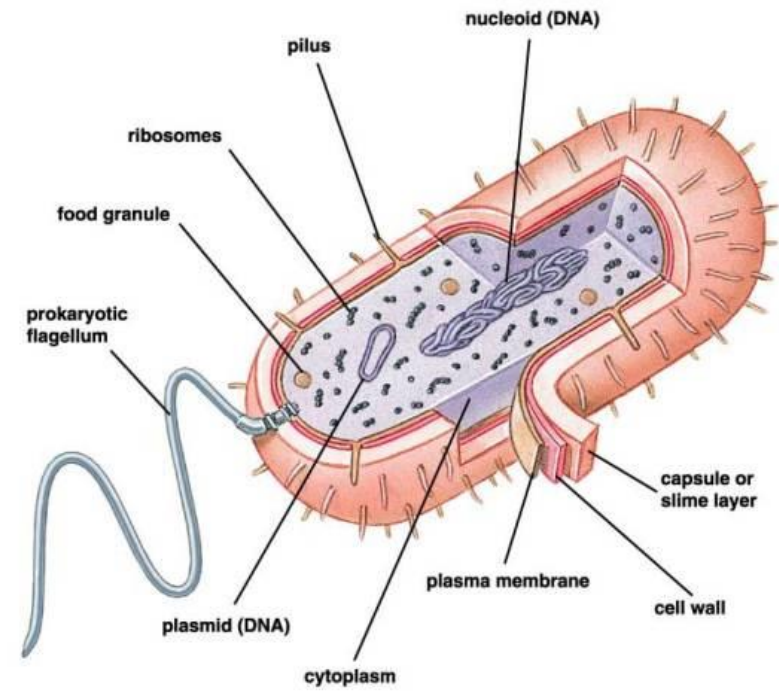
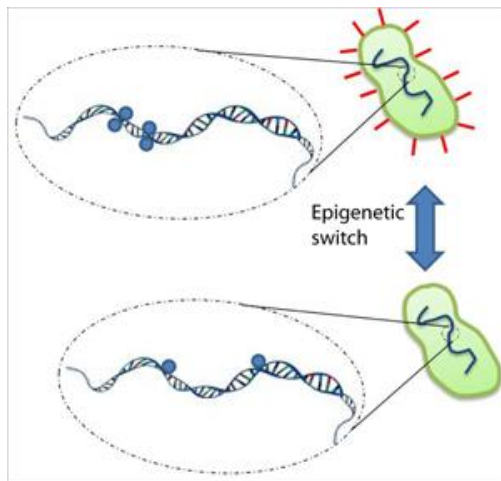
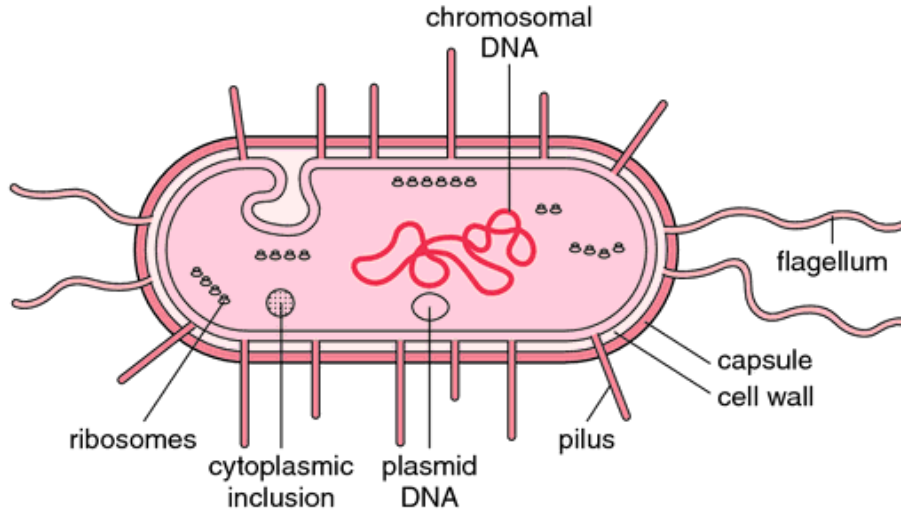
Hvězdárna Valašské Meziříčí, p.o., Vsetínská 78, valašské Meziříčí,
Vstupní hala a hlavní přednáškový sál

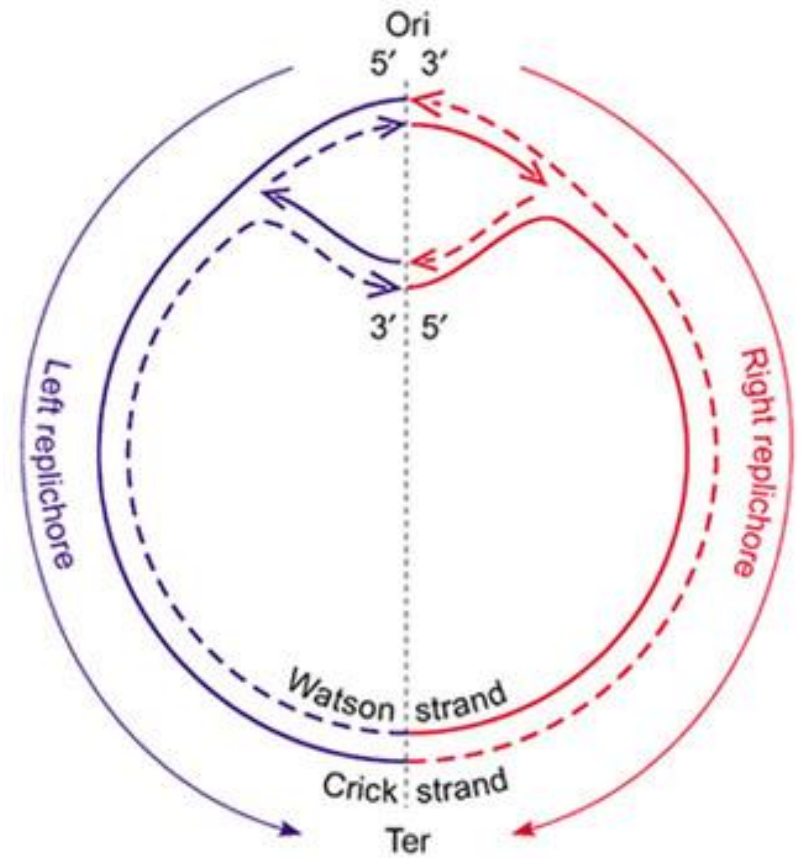
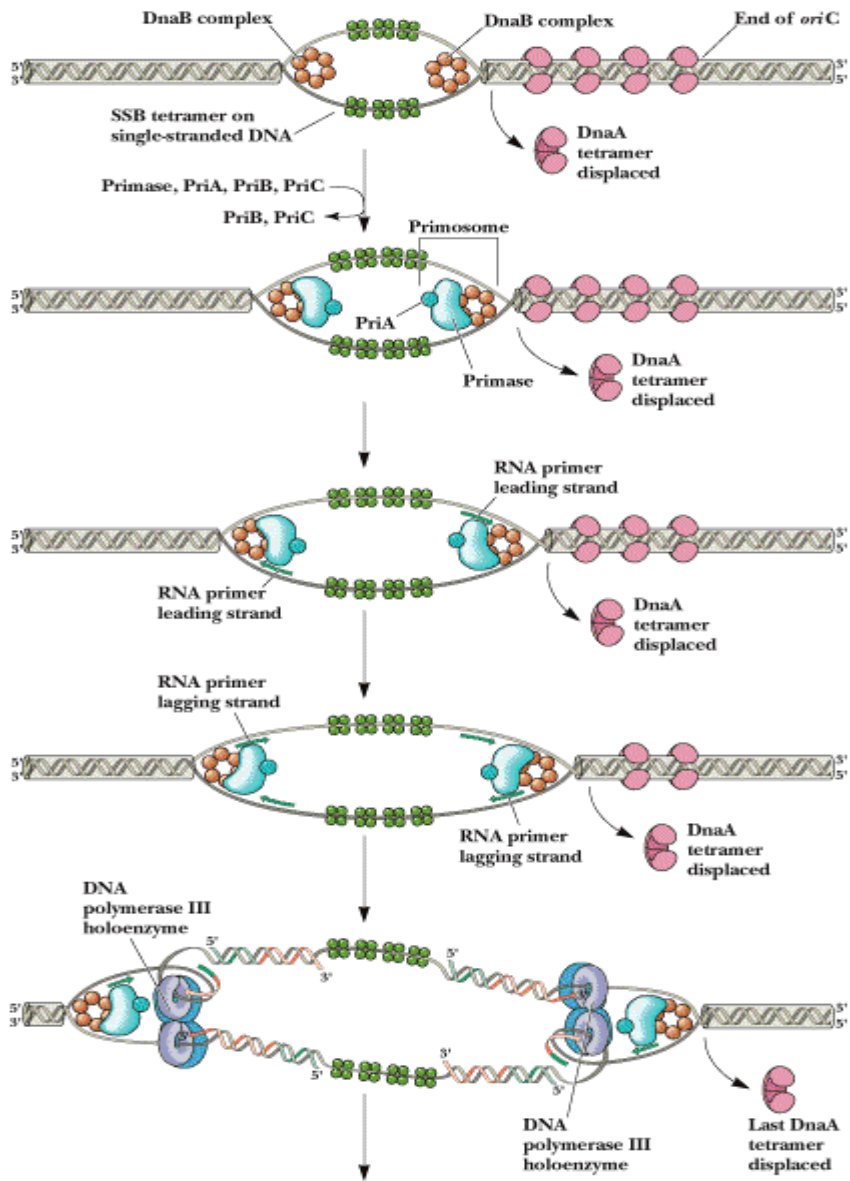


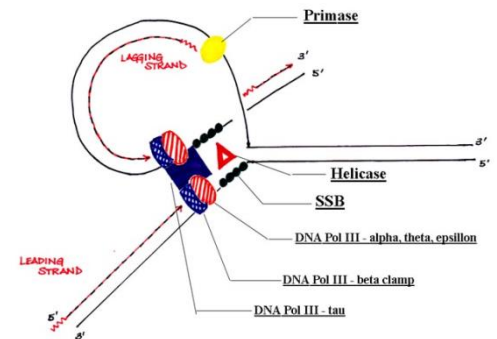
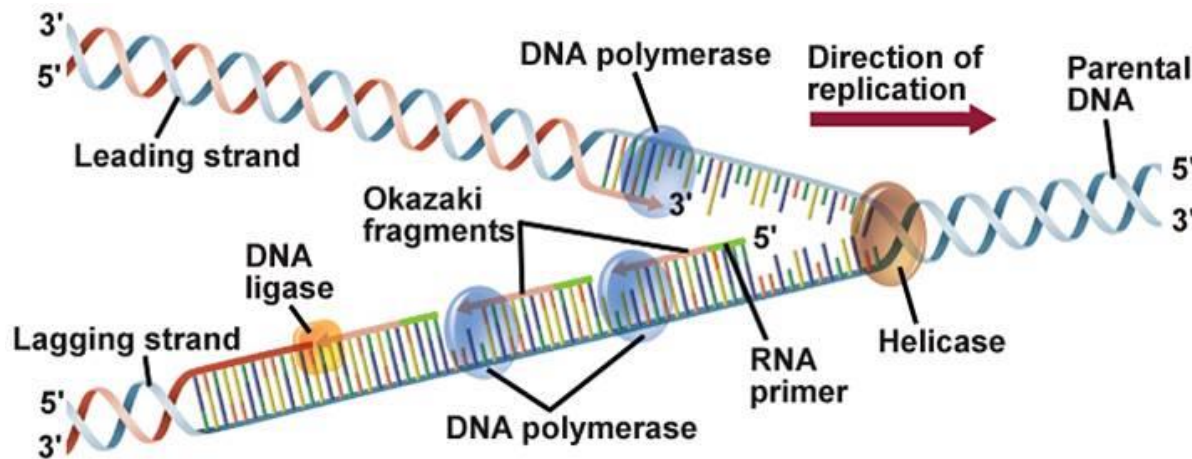
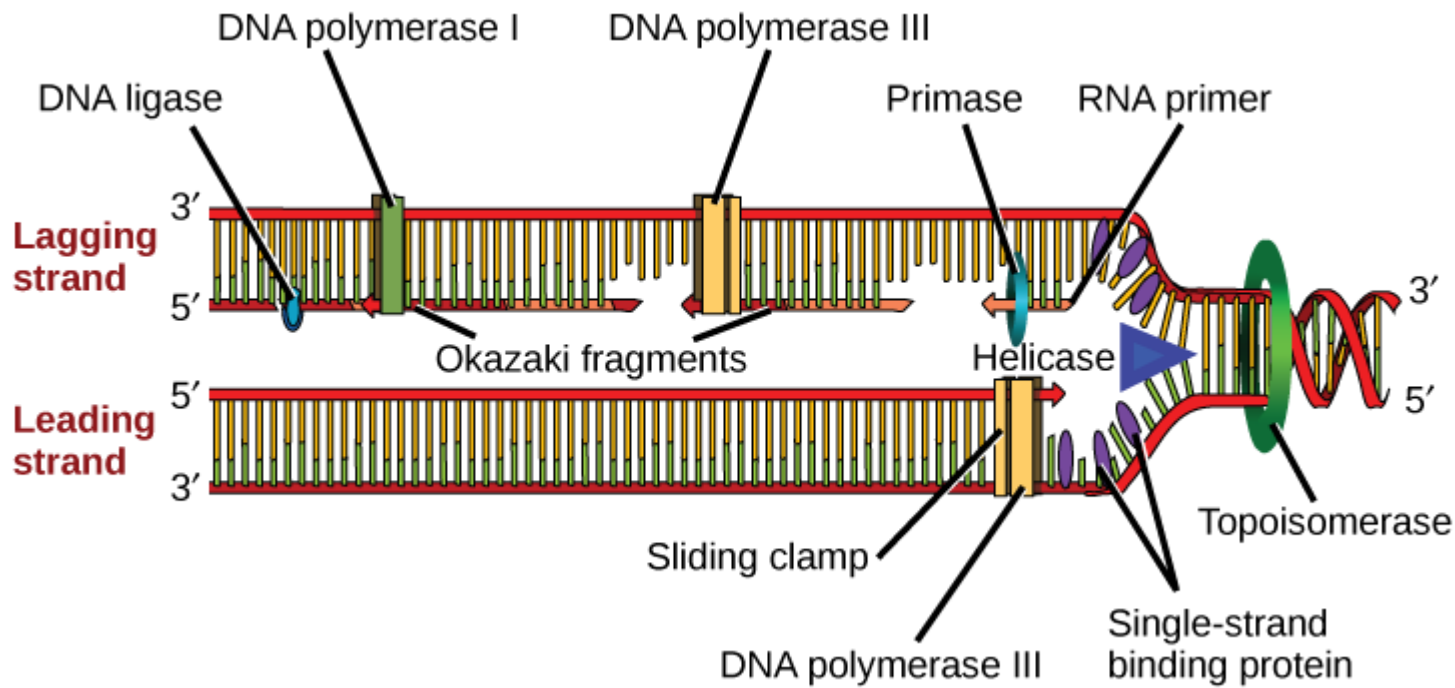
FOND MIKROPROJEKTŮ

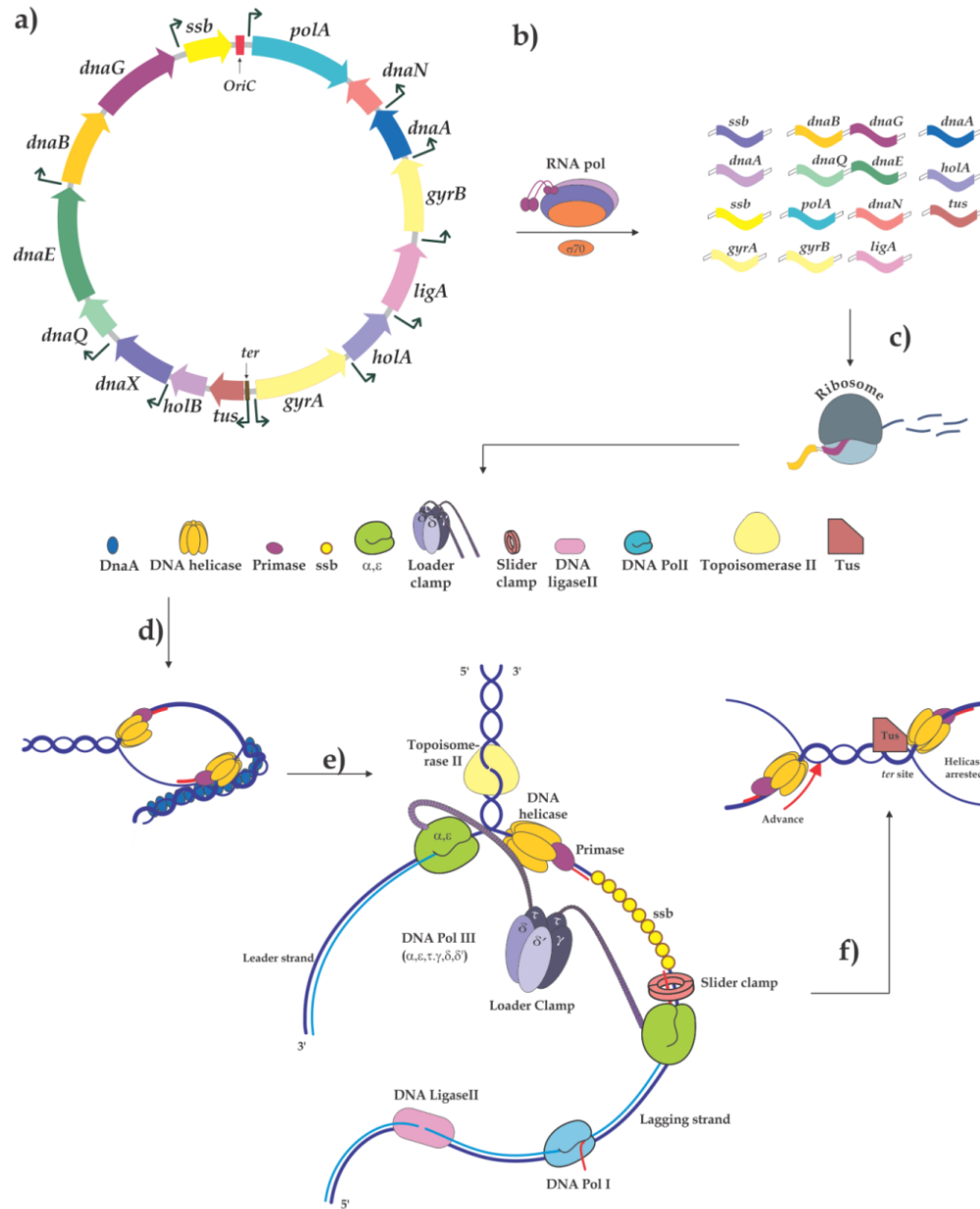
Obecné schéma bakteriální buňky

GENERALIZED STRUCTURE OF BACTERIUM









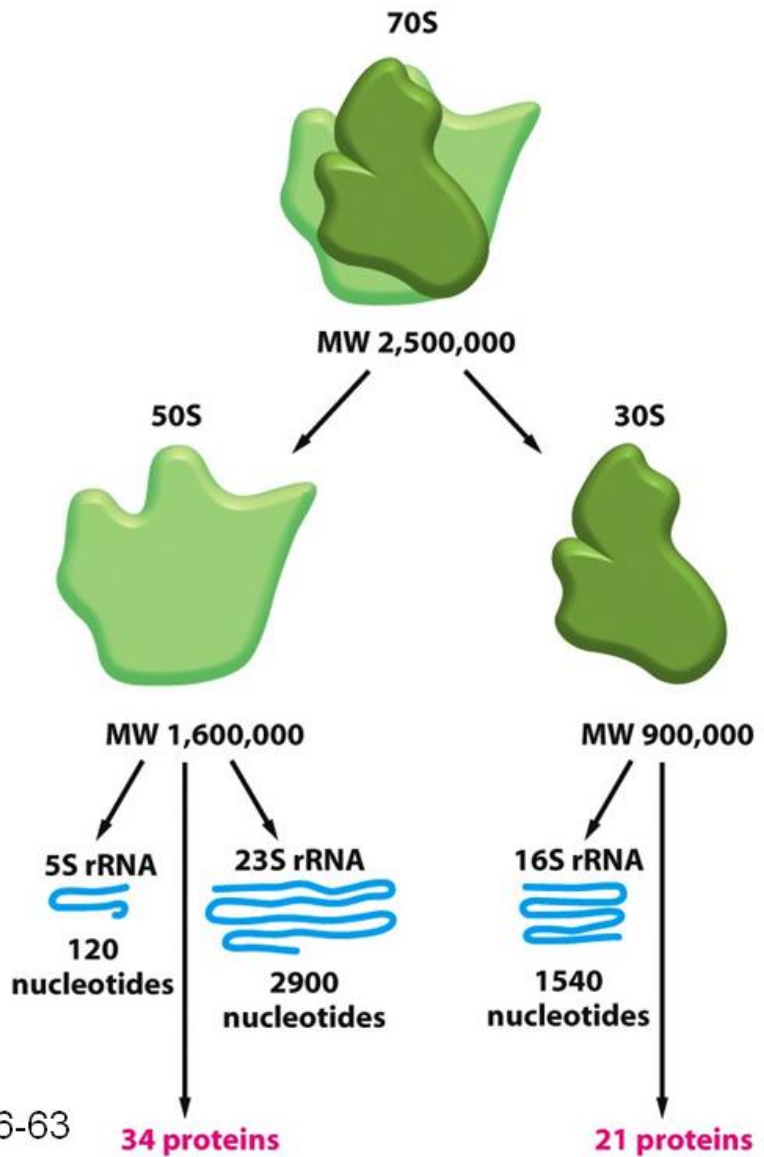
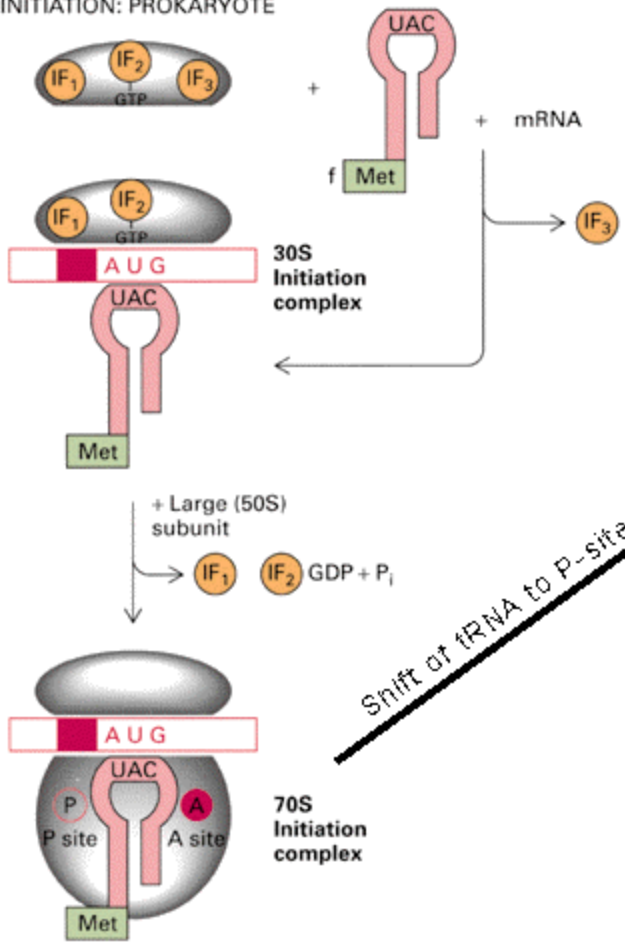


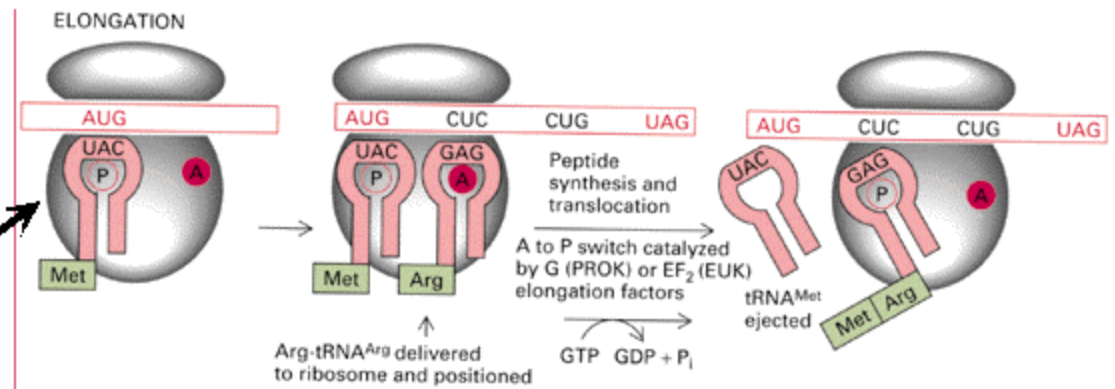
Figure 6-63

PROCARYOTIC RIBOSOME

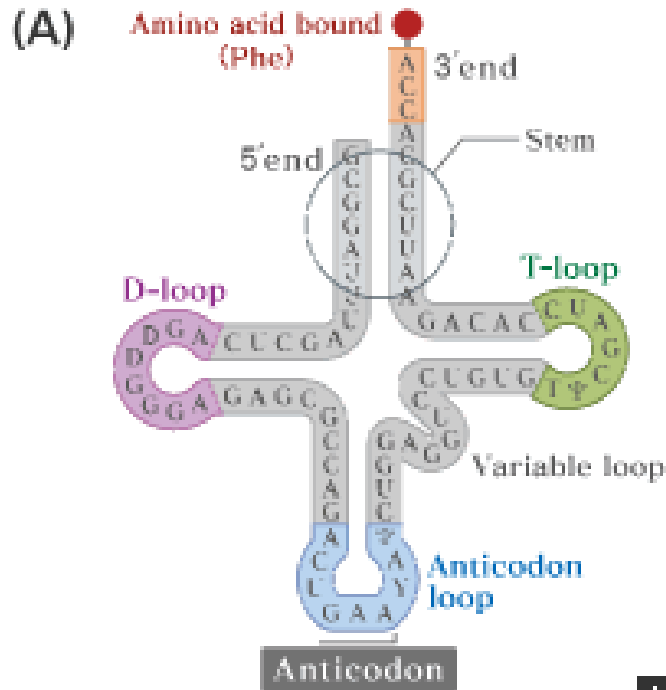
INITIATION: PROKARYOTE



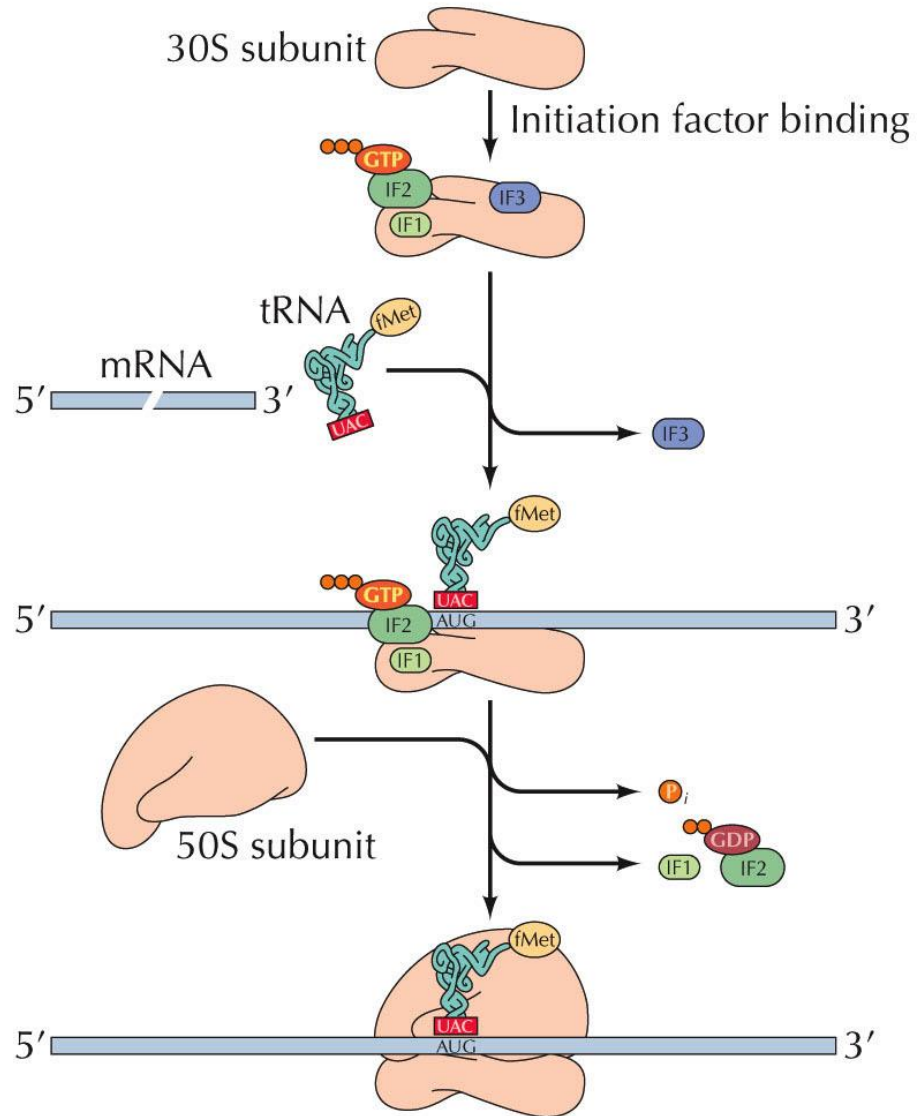
ELONGATION



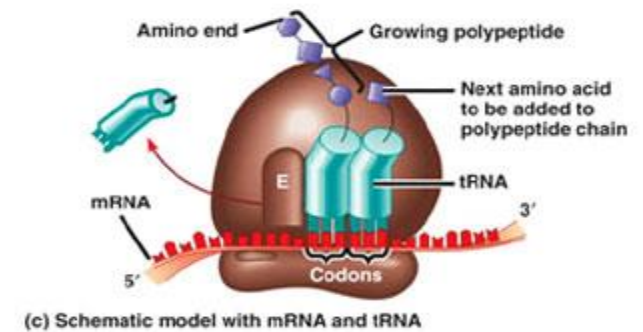
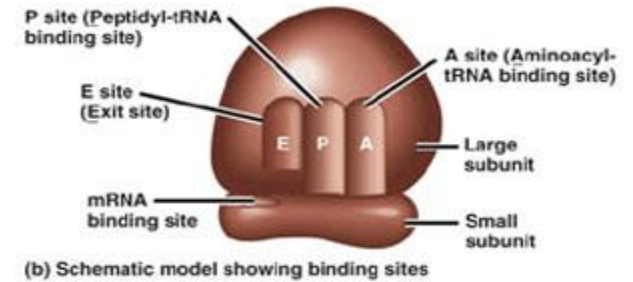
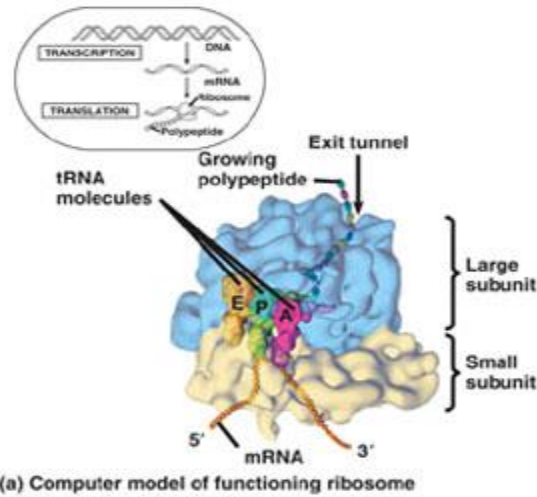
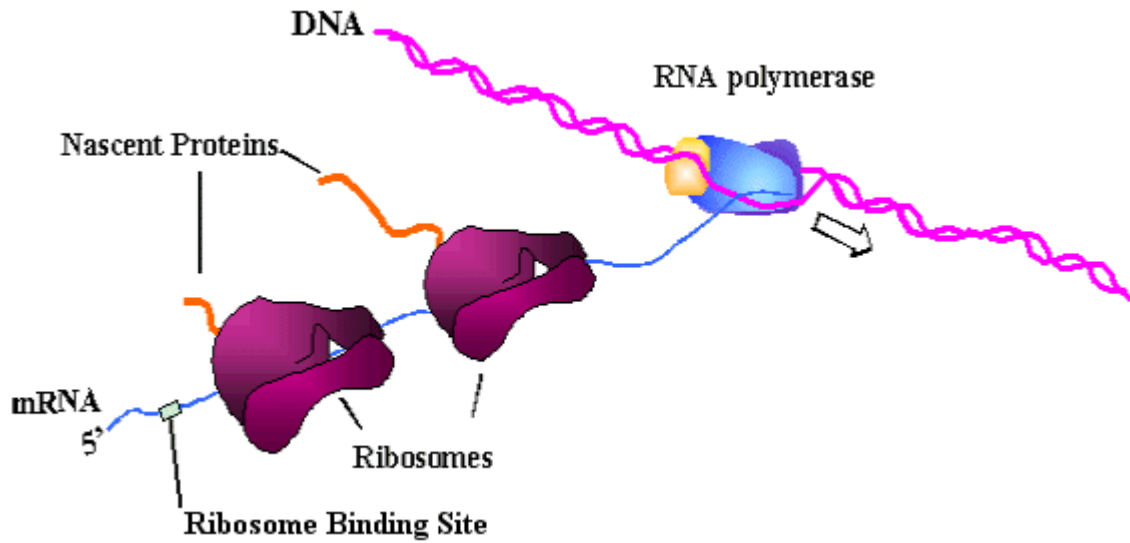
Shift of tRNA to P-site

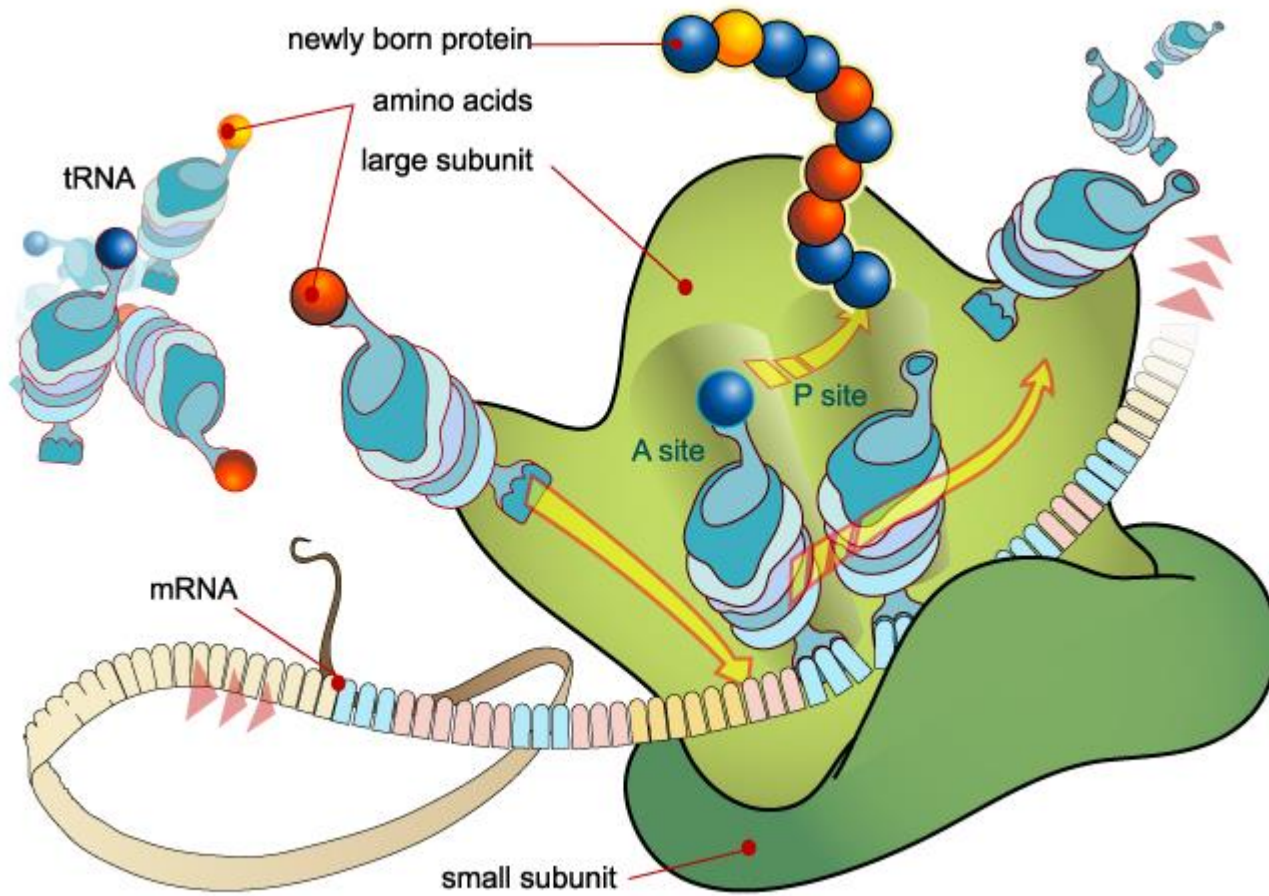


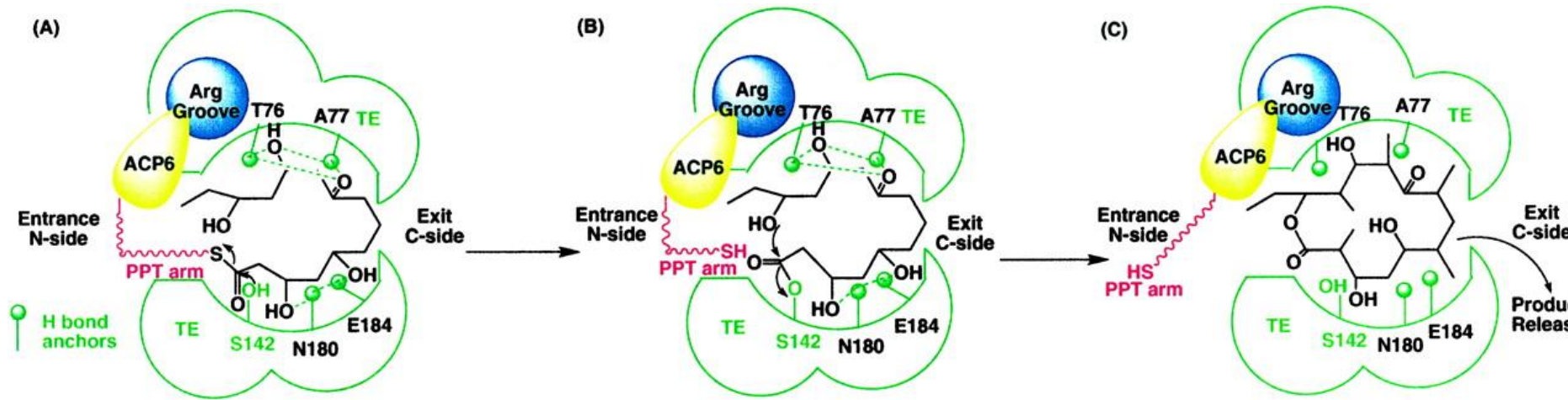
+ ZOOM



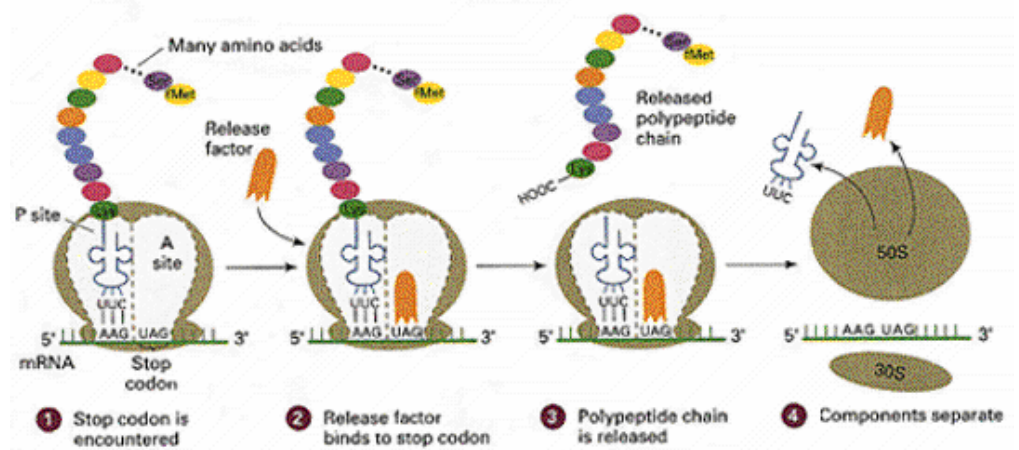
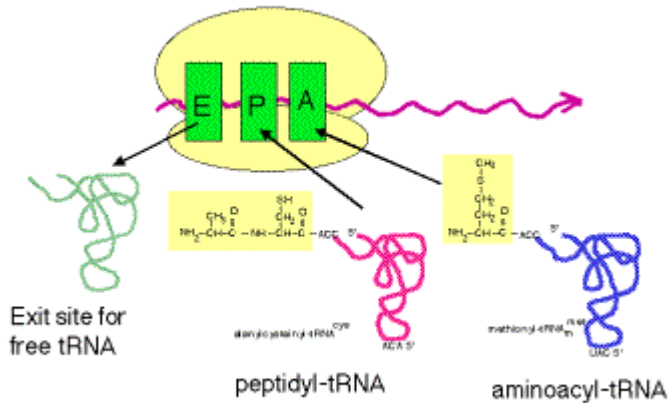
THE CELL, Fourth Edition, Figure 8.10 © 2006 ASM Press and Sinauer Associates, Inc.

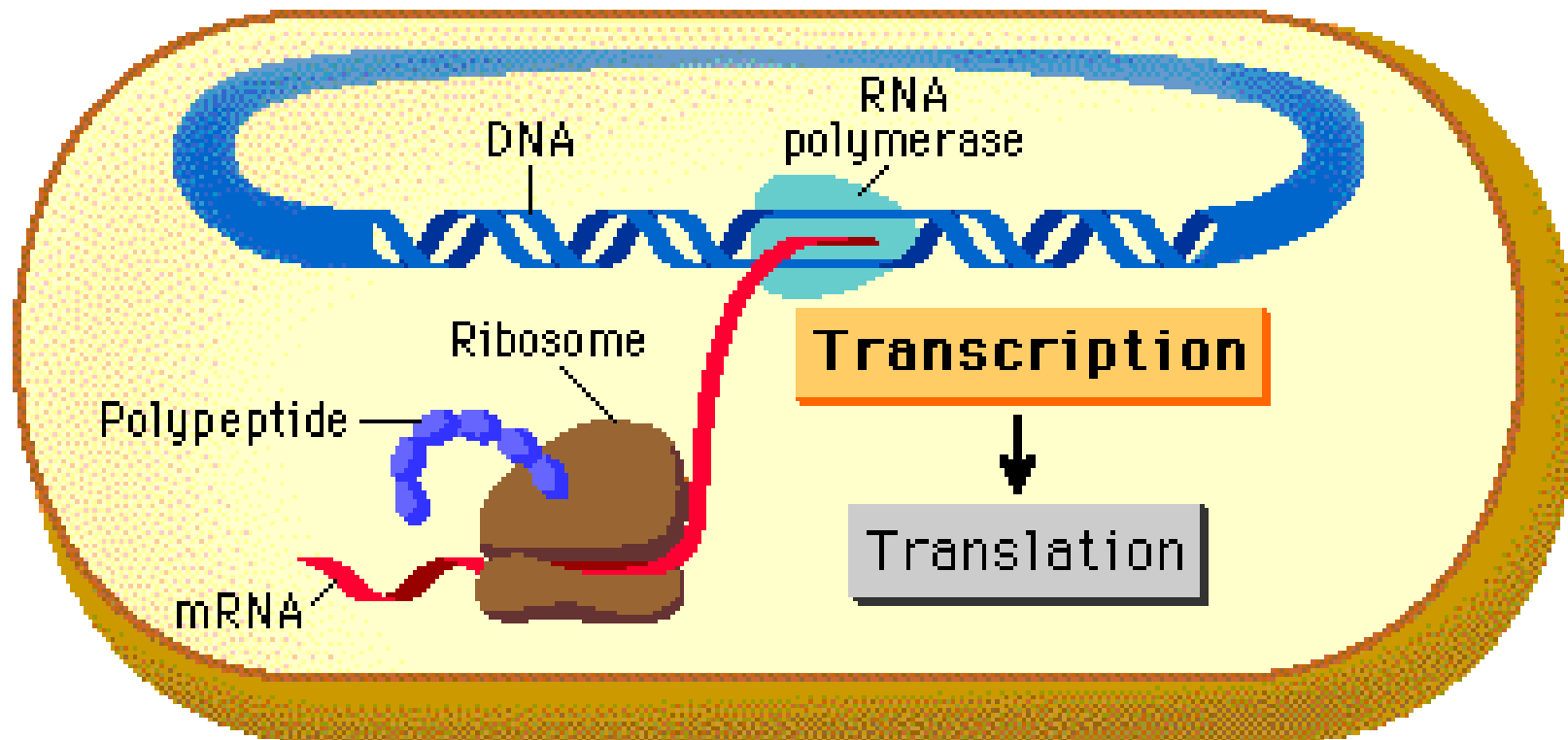


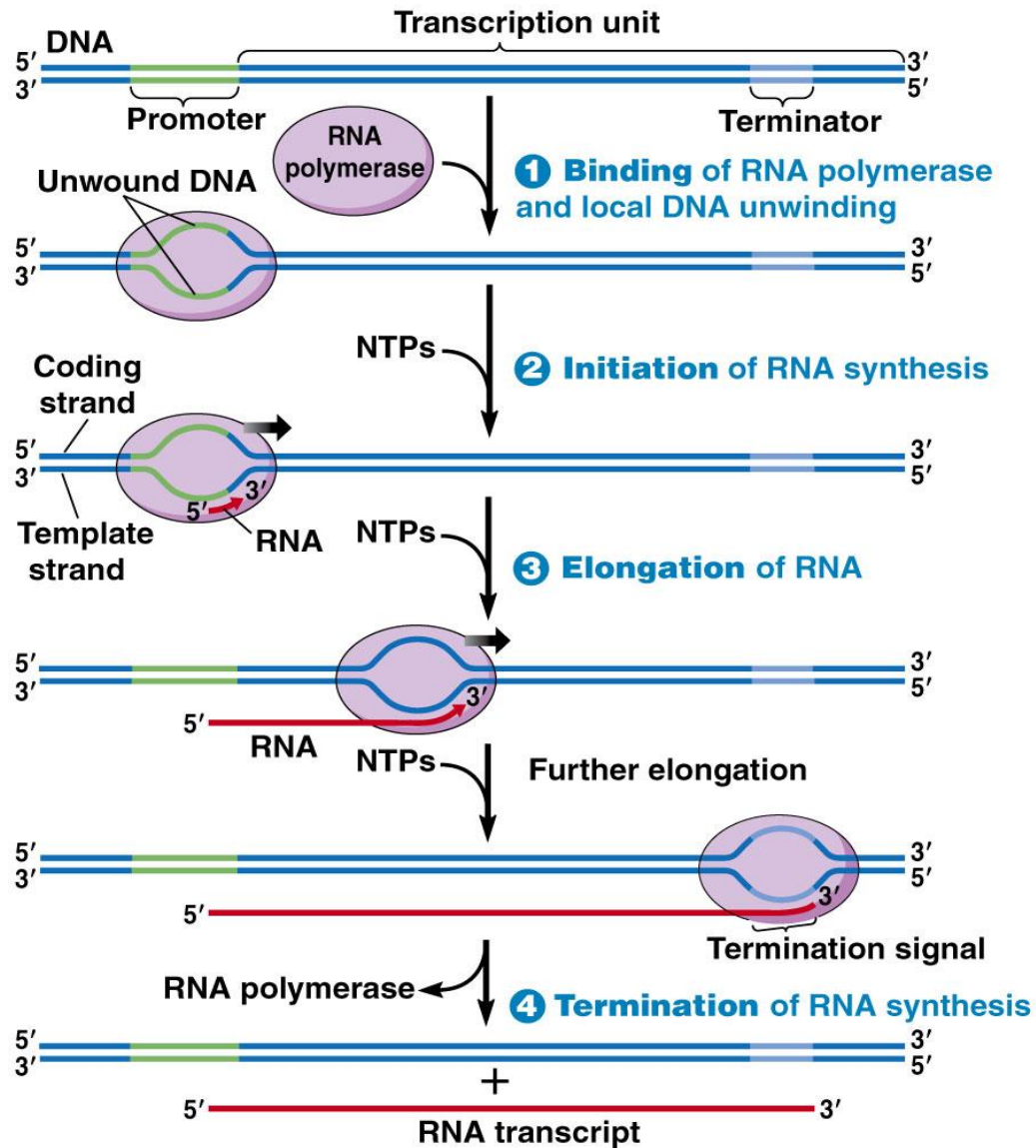




3 sites on ribosome for interaction with tRNAs







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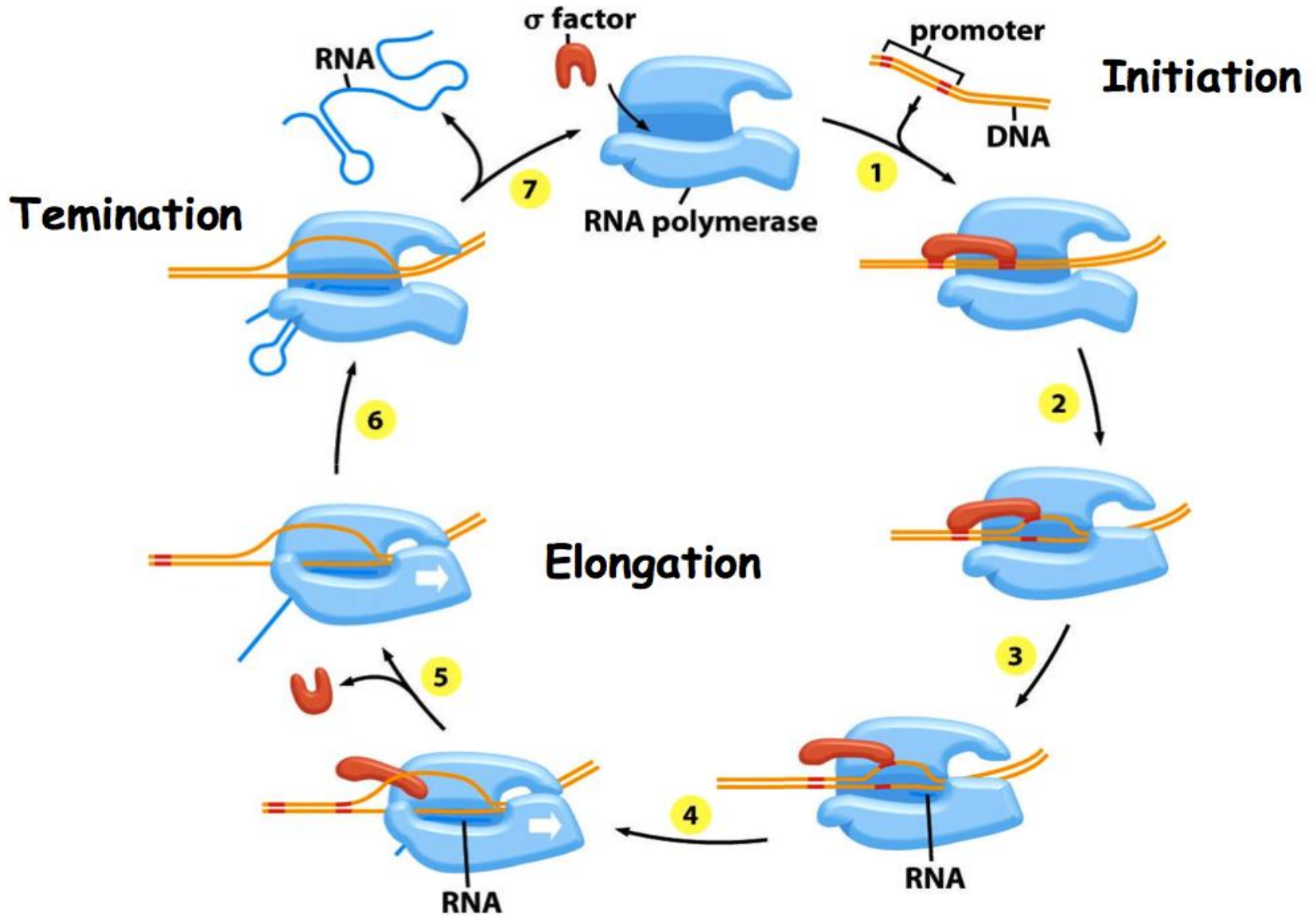
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SPOLOČNE BEZ HRANÍČ

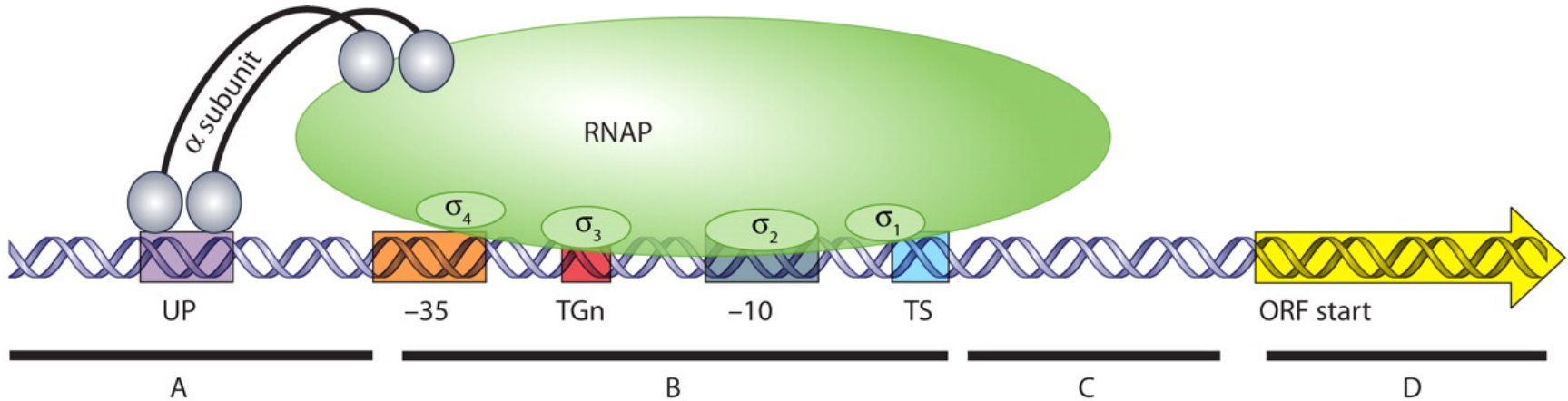


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FOND MIKROPROJEKTŮ





Type	Mechanism	Action	TF binding			
			upstream (A)	core promoter (B)	downstream (C)	ORF (D)
repression	Steric hindrance	No RNAP binding		+		
repression	Roadblock	No transcription elongation			±	+
repression	DNA looping	No RNAP binding	+		+	±
repression	Activator modulation	Prevents activator binding	±	±		
activation	Class I	Interaction α subunit RNAP	+			
activation	Class II	Facilitates σ factor binding	+			
activation	DNA conformational change	DNA helix twist		+		
activation	Repressor modulation	Prevents repressor binding	±	±	±	±

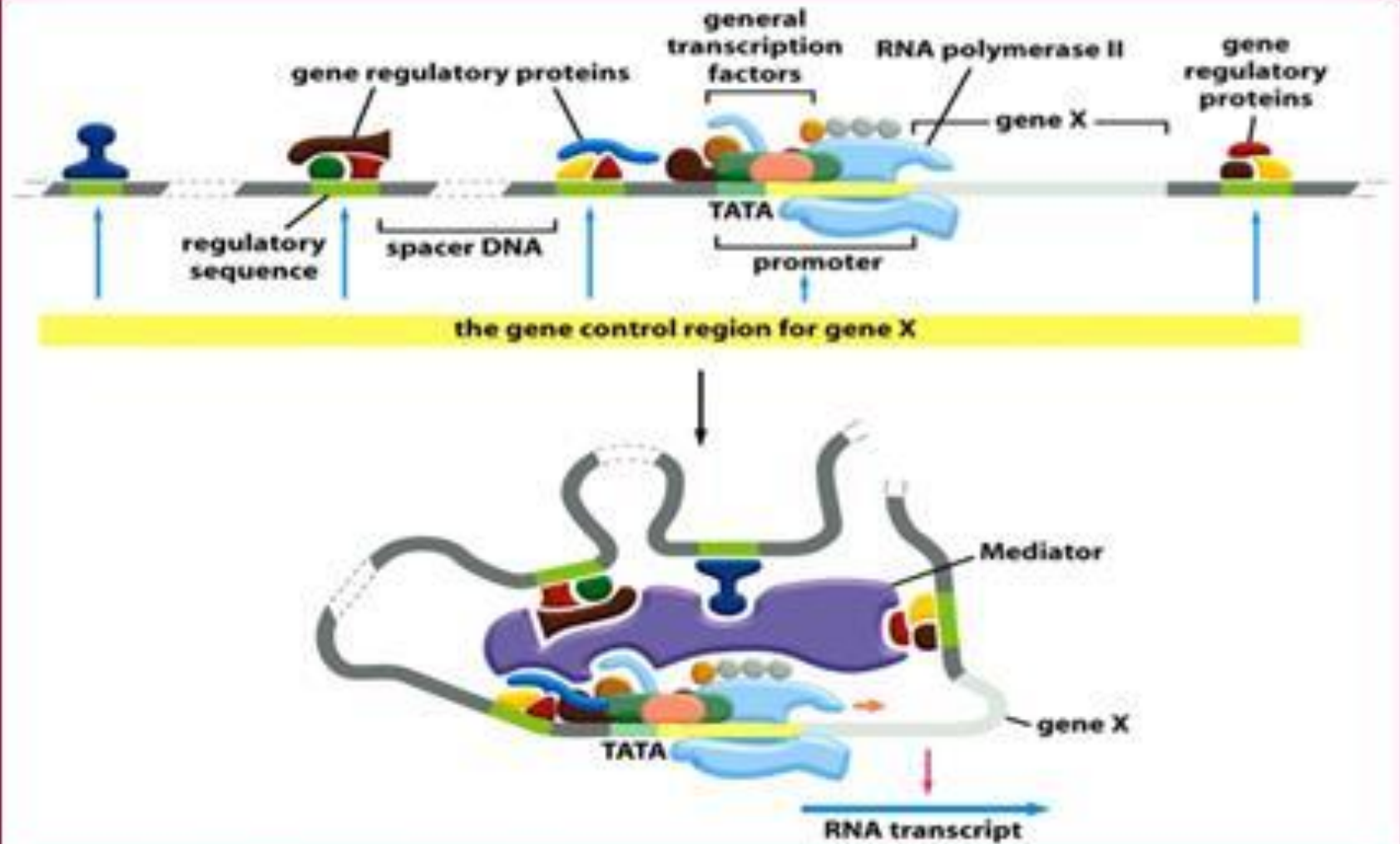
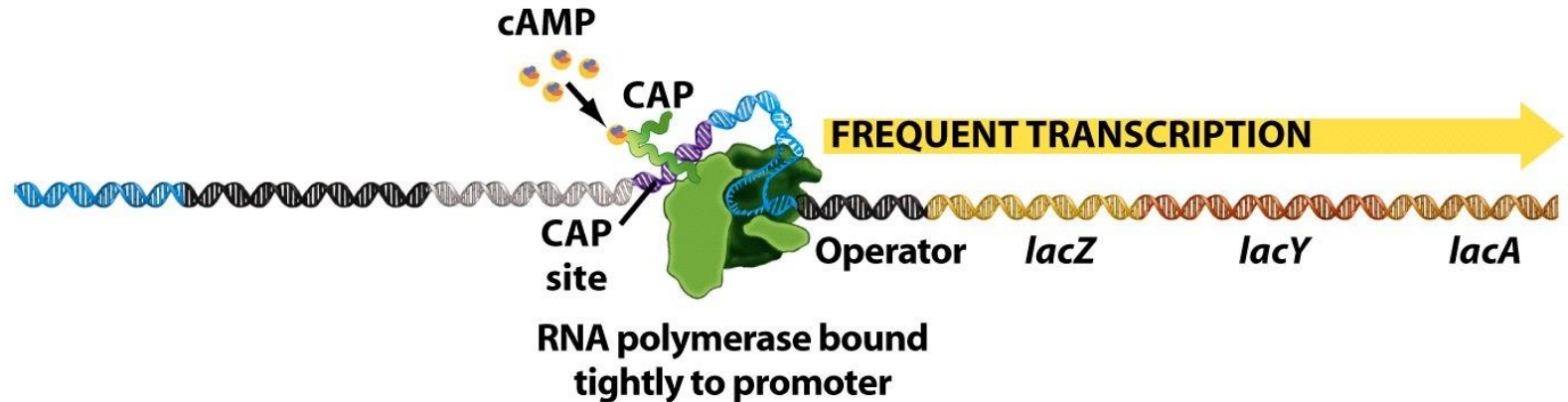


Figure 7-44 Molecular Biology of the Cell 5/e (© Garland Science 2008)

(a) When cAMP is present, it binds to CAP. The cAMP-CAP complex binds to DNA at the CAP site and increases binding of RNA polymerase to promoter. Transcription occurs frequently.



(b) When cAMP is absent, CAP does not bind to DNA. RNA polymerase does not bind the promoter efficiently, and transcription occurs rarely.

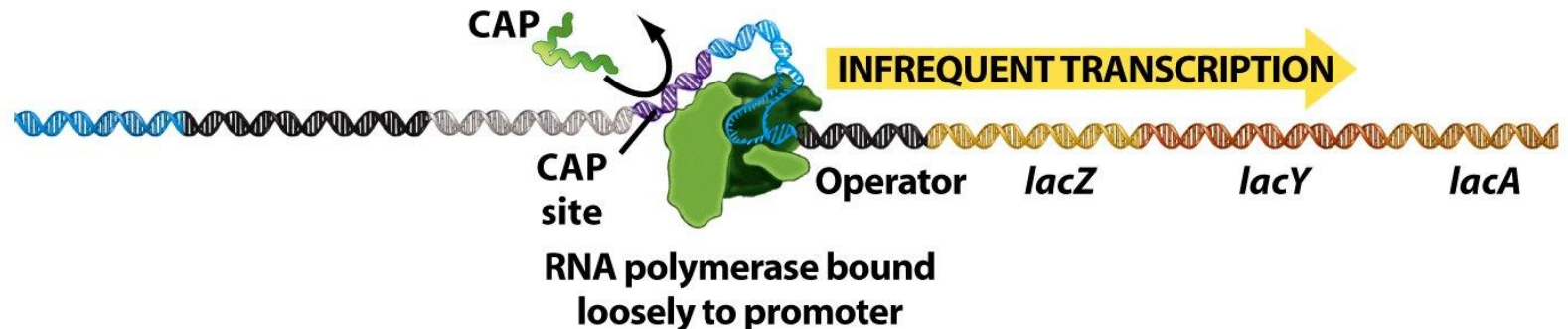
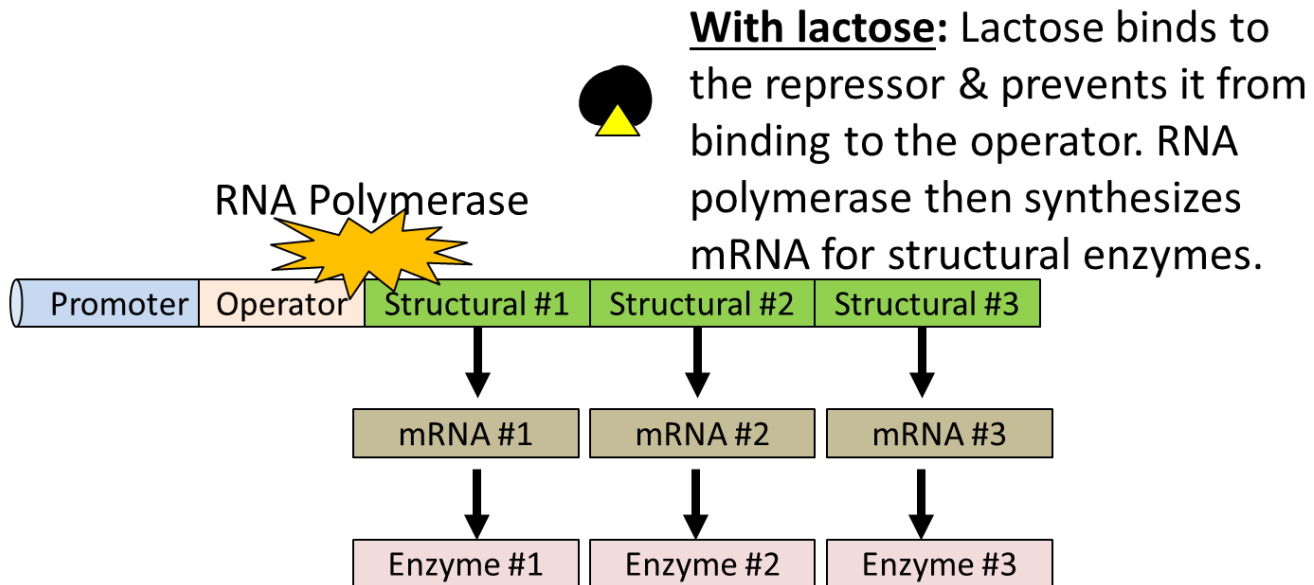
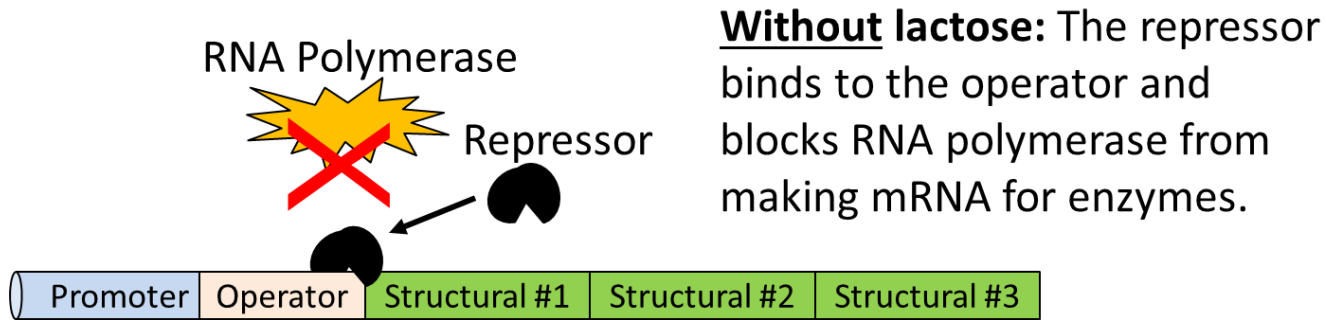


Figure 17-8 Biological Science, 2/e

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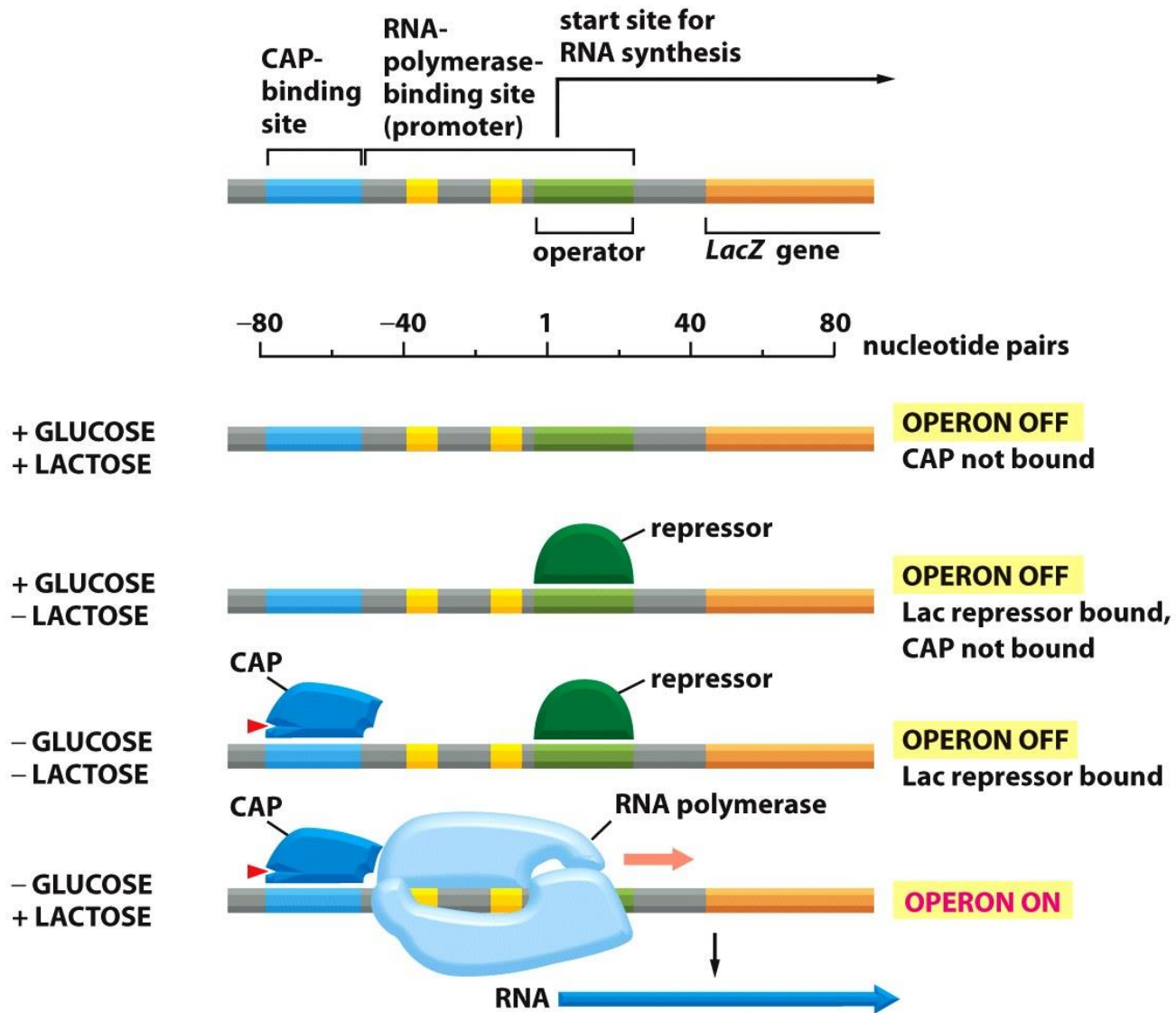


Figure 8-9 Essential Cell Biology 3/e (© Garland Science 2010)

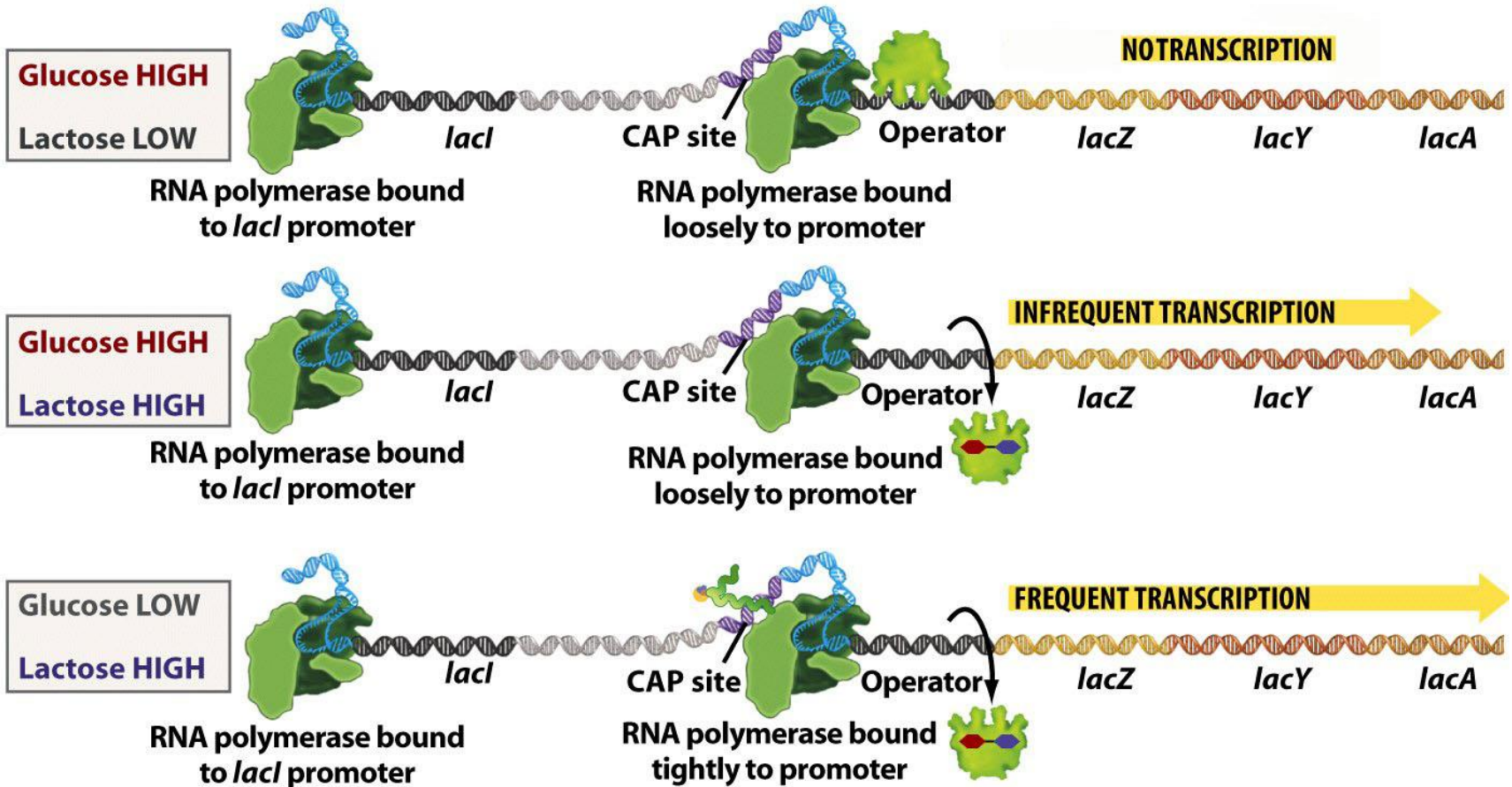


Figure 17-10 Biological Science, 2/e

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Regulatory responses to multiple environments

high glucose,
no lactose



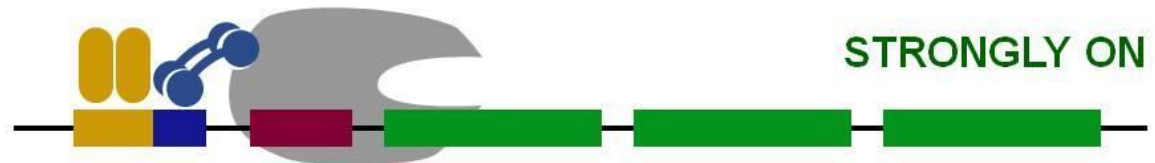
high glucose,
lactose present



low glucose,
no lactose



low glucose,
lactose present

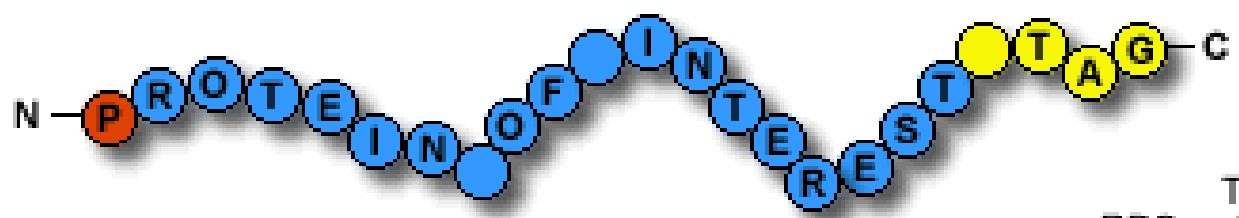




Transcription ↓ T7 RNA polymerase



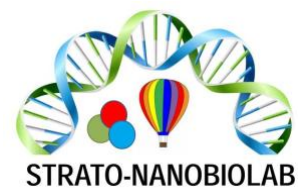
Translation ↓ *E. coli* lysate



T7P = T7 polymerase
 RBS = ribosomal binding site
 T7T = T7 terminator



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Děkuji vám za pozornost



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